

BEHAVIOURAL PROBLEMS

Behavioural problem	Common Presentatio n age	Symptoms	Acts
Thumb sucking	6 months to 3 years	Body Identification Feeling of insecurity, loneliness, fear hunger, boredom	 Assurance reinforcement Motivation Counseling Behavior modification Give alternatives continuously
Breath holding spasms	6 months to 6 years	Due to Pain, fear, anger or frustration the child cries and then holds the breath	 Behavior modification Reassured long term prognosis Most of the episodes resolve by the time the child is 4 to 5 years old
Stubborn	Below 5 years Quality	Faulty parenting habits are within Reac	 Give or act immediately if you can, once refused, be firm on same Uniform parenting
Media addiction	6 to 20 years	No alternative givenAttractiveDoesn't require	 Other leisure time activities Inference discussion



		interaction	Nutritional history
			 Supervision by parents on content A guardian or a responsible member of the family present
Depression	10 to 9 years	Genetic: first degree 10-15% Brain: Neurotransmitters Medical illness: 30-50%, drugs Psychological Distorted thinking Negative and pessimistic Temperament Social Parental deprivation Social stressors: chronic life events	 Supportive relationship Relieve stress Cognitive behavioral therapy (CBT) Rational emotive therapy(RET)
Conduct Disorder	10 years and above	 Aggression Destruction Deceitfulness/theft Serious violation of rules 	ReinforcementFamily therapyParent training
Tics	6 to 16 years	 Tension relieving habit disorders involving 	 Suppressible by child for short



			various body movements. For e.g., lip smacking and shrugging of		periods if made conscious or reprimanded
		•	shoulders. Repeatedly, quickly,	•	Never associated with transient inability to
		6	suddenly and uncontrollably	•	interact Tics disappear
		• •	Tongue tusting Eye blinking		when child is asleep
				•	Rarely tics precipitated in child on stimulant medication
		•	Throat clearing etc.	•	Emotional support
	0	0		•	Appropriate educational environment
Anxiety	3 to 9 yeras		Cannot be reasoned or explained away Beyond voluntary control	•	Explore, modify, minimize, eliminate fears by education and
		•	Leads to avoidance of the feared situation	•	experience counselling
	, ,	•	Persists over an extended period of	•	Psychotherapy
	Quality C	are	time Overanxious disorder	h	
	2	•	School / college phobia		
		•	Separation anxiety disorder		
		•	Social anxiety disorder		



		- Calaatina mutiam	
		Selective mutism	
Enuresis	Above 6 years	 Involuntary passage of urine during sleep after the age of 6 years Usually occurs only once in a night time after about 90 minutes of sleep Children are deep sleepers 	 Removal of any organic cause Minimization of emotional impact in the child No humiliations of punishment Positive reinforcement star calendar Less fluid in the evening
			 Bladder control training
	:.0		Bell and pad alarms

